# **GNH INDEX methodology**

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## LONG TERM ACTIONS: TO ACHIEVE HARMONY OF EXISTENCE

- Promote successful birth, living, aging and dying
- Reorganise structure of government from present service delivery system to GNH focused organisational development.
- Balance national consciousness between external sensation based stimuli and internal contemplation based stimuli
- Stabilize material affluence level to balance economy and ecology
- Restore purity of air, light, noise, water and soil
- Regenerate community and social life
- Protect biodiversity
- Influence the world to change, and be changed by good influences



## MEDIUM TERM ACTIONS: TO ENTRENCH GNH INFLUENCE

- Formulate fiscal system in harmony with GNH (budget allocation, tax and non-tax penalty system)
- Introduce full-cost national accounting and footprint analysis to complement GDP accounts
- Influence curriculum and media towards GNH
- Influence OD and HR towards GNH
- Influence transportation, industrial, financial and agriculture systems towards GNH

## SHORT TERM ACTIONS: TO MOBILIZE CONSCIENCE

- Fix GNH indicators for baseline and targets
- Create budgets and programmes to achieve those targets
- Provide ongoing commentary on current issues from GNH perspective
- Disseminate GNH to promote unity of purpose
- Educate people on GNH for behavioural change: hold conferences, produce multilingual films

Why we need new indicators

 How to make the case to government officials, international agencies, conventional economists, donors

 From Statement of Principle (GNH>GDP) to Practicality, Policies and Programmes



Relationships among Domains/Variables: A Holistic View =





- Clarifying ultimate ends
- Understanding interrelationships
  - Trade-offs
  - Tipping points (for breakouts and collapses)
  - Delayed consequences
- Understanding process and logical orders of changes
- Focusing management on controllable means instead of results which are often not controllable
- Identifying leverage points and important indicators





## Change in indicators is a first step towards changing or reflecting new values



## % contribution of weighted domains to GNH Index



## Weighted GNH Index at domain level = .80









## BREADTH = 0.64 )

6 0

5 0 -

## BREADTH + DEPTH = 0.76

BREADTH + DEPTH + SEVERITY = 0.80

## DZONGKHAG RANKING BY unweigthed GNH INDEX



.80

## **Unweighted GNH INDEX BY GENDER**

## Male

## 0.825

## Female

## 0.796

.81

# **IDENTIFICATION:** 72 variables out of 1000 plus variables

## **Objective and Subjective Indicators**

Subjective	Good	Bad
Objective		
Good	True Progress	Neurosis
Bad	False Consciousness	Misery

## **Alex Michelos – University of British Columbia**

#### Relationships among Domains/Variables: A Deductive View



## **Psychological Wellbeing Index**

# Mental Health Indicators Spirituality Indicators Emotional Balance Indicators

## **Emotional balance index**

## **Positive emotions**

- Compassion
- Calmness
- Generosity

## Negative emotions

- Frustration
- Selfishness
- Jealousy



## **Time Use Index**

Total working hours per day 7 hours
Sleep hours indicators 8 hours

## • Work activities

- 1. Crop farming and kitchen gardening (agric)
- 2. Business, trade and services
- 3. Care of children and sick members of household
- 4. Construction and repairs
- 5. Craft related activities
- 6. Forestry and horticultural activities
- 7. Household maintenance
- 8. Livestock related activities
- 9. Processing of food and drinks
- **10. Quarrying work**

- Non-work activities
  - 1. Community participation
  - 2. Education and learning
  - 3. Personal care
  - 4. Religious activities
  - 5. Social and cultural activities
  - 6. Sports and leisure
  - 7. Travel/commute
  - 8. Waiting

# **Community Vitality Index**

 Community trust indicators Social support indicators Reciprocity indicators Socialization indicators Family indicators Kinship indicators Safety indicators

![](_page_29_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_30_Figure_0.jpeg)

# **Health Index**

 Self reported health indicator Body Mass Index •# of Healthy days in a month Long term disability indicator Health knowledge indicators Health barrier indicators

![](_page_32_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_33_Figure_0.jpeg)

- BMI= weight (KG)/height (m<sup>2</sup>)
  - □ Under weight— BMI <18.5
  - Normal weight— BMI 18.5-24.9
  - Overweight—BMI 25.0-29.9
  - □ Obese—BMI >=30.0

### Mean healthy days by age group

![](_page_34_Figure_1.jpeg)

# **Culture Index**

 Dialect indicators Traditional recreational indicators Artisan skill indicators Value transmission indicators Community festival indicators Reciprocity indicators Basic Precept indicators

## Knowledge in different arts and crafts

Knowledge in bamboo works Knowledge in weaving Knowledge in masonry Knowledge in carpentry Knowledge in embroidery Knowledge in painting Knowledge in blacksmithing Knowledge in carving Knowledge in leather works Knowledge in paper making Knowledge in sculpture Knowledge in casting Knowledge in gold/silversmithing

![](_page_36_Figure_2.jpeg)

# **Education Index**

# Dzongkha language indicators Historical literacy indicators Literacy and education indicators

# Ecology Index

 Environmental degradation indicators Ecological knowledge indicators Afforestation indicators

## **Good Governance Index**

Government performance indicators
Freedom indicators
Institutional trust indicators

## **Living Standard Index**

Household Income indicators (absolute & relative) Food security indicator Housing indicators (room ratio + ownership) Hardship indicators

# Household maintenance by gender

			г.			 
Activities	Difference in Male	frequency Female		Differenc	e in time Female	Average Time
Cooking	192	402		1:23	1:50	1:41
Dish washing	37	199		0:25	0:36	0:34
House cleaning	84	182		0:55	0:46	0:17
Laundry	25	84		1:02	1:22	1:17
Shopping	21	21		1:25	1:48	1:37
Other household activities	172	218		0:29	0:32	0:30

# AGGREGATION

# DECOMPOSABLE THRESHOLD METHOD

## Example

## **Survey question:**

How safe do you feel from human harm at night?

Rarely safe	Usually safe	Always safe		
1	2	3		
Rarely safe	Usually safe	Always safe		
Rarely safe Insu	Usually safe fficient	Always safe Sufficient		

# Step 1. Apply sufficiency cutoff to obtain insufficiency headcounts

## **Matrix A:**

	Compass		Healthy			Voluntary			Food	
	ion	Meditation	days	Socialization	Rights	days	Income	Enmity	security	
Person1	1	3	30	4	3	4	3	1		2
Person2	1	2	30	3	3	10	2	2		2
Person3	1	2	24	3	3	50	2	2		1
Person4	1	3	30	4	3	10	2	2		2

	Compa ssion	Meditation	Healthy days	Socialization	Rights	Voluntary days	Income	Enmity	Food security	
Sufficienc y cutoff	1	3	30	4	3	4	3	1		2

## Matrix A:

	Compass		Healthy			Voluntary			Food
	ion	Meditation	days	Socialization	Rights	days	Income	Enmity	security
Person1	1	3	30	4	3	4	3	1	2
Person2	1	2	30	3	3	10	2	2	2
Person3	1	2	24	3	3	50	2	2	1
Person4	1	3	30	4	3	10	2	2	2

#### Matrix B.

	Compassio	Meditatio	Healthy days	Socialization	Rights	Voluntary	Income	Enmity	Food security	
Person1		0	0	0	0	1	0	1		D
Person2	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0		D
Person3	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	•	1
Person4	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0		D

#### Matrix B:

	Comp assio		Healthy			Voluntary			Food
	n	Meditation	days	Socialization	Rights	days	Income	Enmity	security
Person1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
Person2	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Person3	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Person4	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0

Insufficiency headcounts (HI)

= Number of insufficiencies / Total number of respondents

	Compas sion	Meditation	Healthy days	Socialization	Rights	Voluntary days	Income	Enmity	Food security
HI	4/4	2/4	1/4	0	0	3/4	0	1/4	1/4

- GNH Sufficiency Index = 1- Average Insufficiency headcounts (HI)
- **= 1 (4/4+2/4+1/4+0+0+3/4+0+1/4+1/4)/9**
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#### Step 2. Calculation of distance from cutoff

(Sufficiency cutoff – actual) ÷ (Sufficiency cutoff - minimum)

Rarely safe	Usually safe	Always safe					
1	3						
Insuff	Insufficient						
1	1	0					
1	.5	0					
100% negative score	50% negative score	Perfectly positive score					

If respondent reports "usually safe"  $(3-2) \div (3-1) = 0.5$ 

#### Matrix C:

	Comp		Healthy			Voluntary			Food
	assion	Meditation	days	Socialization	Rights	days	Income	Enmity	security
Person1	1	0	0	0	0	0.64	0	1	0
Person2	1	0.50	0	0	0	0.09	0	0	0
Person3	1	0.50	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	1
Person4	1	0	0	0	0	0.09	0	0	0

#### **Distance from cutoff**

= (Sufficiency cutoff - actual) ÷ (Sufficiency cutoff - minimum)

	Compas	Moditation	Healthy	Socialization	Diabta	Voluntary	Incomo	Enmity	Food
	SION	Meditation	uays	Socialization	RIGHTS	uays	Income		security
HI	4/4	1/4	.08/4	0	0	.82/4	0	1/4	1/4

GNH Breadth + Depth Measure = 1- Average distance from cutoff = 1 - (4/4+1/4+.08/4+0+0+.82/4+0+1/4+1/4)/9 =.88

## Matrix C:

	Spirituality	Self reported health status	Healthy days	Attending community festivals	Rights	Voluntary days	Income	Enmity	Percepti on pollution of rivers
Person									
1	1	0	0	0	0	0.64	0	1	0
Person									
2	1	0.50	0	0	0	0.09	0	0	0
Person									
3	1	0.50	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	1
Person									
4	1	0	0	0	0	0.09	0	0	0

## Matrix D:

	Spirituality	Self reported health status	Healthy days	Attending community festivals	Rights	Voluntary days	Income	Enmity	Perception on pollution of rivers
Person1	1	0	0	0	0	0.40	0	1	0
Person2	1	0.25	0	0	0	0.01	0	0	0
Person3	1	0.25	0.01	0	0	0	0	0	1
Person4	1	0	0	0	0	0.01	0	0	0

### Step 4. Computing GNH Index (Breadth + Depth + Inequality Measure)

## Matrix D:

	Spirituality	Self reported health status	Healthy days	Attending community festivals	Rights	Voluntary days	Income	Enmity	Perception on pollution of rivers
Person1	1	0	0	0	0	0.40	0	1	0
Person2	1	0.25	0	0	0	0.01	0	0	0
Person3	1	0.25	0.01	0	0	0	0	0	1
Person4	1	0	0	0	0	0.01	0	0	0

#### Average squared distance from the cutoff

	Compas sion	Meditation	Healthy days	Socialization	Rights	Voluntary days	Income	Enmity	Food security
HI	4/4	.5/4	.01/4	0	0	.42/4	0	1/4	1/4

**GNH Index (Breadth+Depth+ Inequality Measure)** 

= 1- Average squared distance from the

#### cutoff

= 1-(1+.5/4+.01/4+.42/4+1/4+1/4)/9= .81